

## Practice- Chain Rule

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

**Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ .**

1)  $f(x) = (4x^3 - 5)^4$

2)  $f(x) = (-x^5 + 5)^4$

3)  $y = (x^4 + 3)^2$

4)  $y = (2x^2 + 5)^4$

5)  $f(x) = (2x^4 + 3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

6)  $f(x) = (-5x^3 + 2)^{-5}$

7)  $y = (-x^3 - 2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

8)  $f(x) = (4x^4 + 3)^{-5}$

9)  $f(x) = \sqrt{5x + 4}$

10)  $y = (5x^3 + 3)^5$

11)  $y = (5x^3 - 3)^3$

12)  $y = (-5x^4 + 3)^4$

13)  $f(x) = \cos 2x^2$

14)  $f(x) = \cos 4x^3$

15)  $y = \sin 4x^4$

16)  $y = \cos 4x^5$

17)  $f(x) = \tan 3x^3$

18)  $f(x) = \tan 4x^4$

19)  $y = \sec x^2$

20)  $y = \csc 5x^2$

21)  $f(x) = \sin(\sin x^3)$

22)  $y = \sin(\cos 5x^5)$

23)  $y = e^{x^3}$

24)  $y = \ln 2x^5$

25)  $y = \ln x^4$

26)  $y = e^{x^5}$

**For each problem, you are given a table containing some values of differentiable functions  $f(x)$ ,  $g(x)$  and their derivatives. Use the table data and the rules of differentiation to solve each problem.**

$x$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	2	2	1	1
2	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	1
3	3	-1	3	1
4	2	-1	4	1

Part 1) Given  $h_1(x) = (f(x))^2$ , find  $h_1'(3)$

Part 2) Given  $h_2(x) = f(g(x))$ , find  $h_2'(1)$

$x$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	1	1	4	-2
2	2	$\frac{3}{2}$	2	$-\frac{3}{2}$
3	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
4	3	-1	3	2

Part 1) Given  $h_1(x) = (f(x))^2$ , find  $h_1'(1)$

Part 2) Given  $h_2(x) = f(g(x))$ , find  $h_2'(1)$

$x$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	2	1	1	2
2	3	1	3	$\frac{3}{2}$
3	4	0	4	$-\frac{1}{2}$
4	3	-1	2	-2

Part 1) Given  $h_1(x) = (f(x))^2$ , find  $h_1'(2)$

Part 2) Given  $h_2(x) = f(g(x))$ , find  $h_2'(4)$

$x$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	2	2	1	2
2	4	0	3	$\frac{3}{2}$
3	2	$-\frac{3}{2}$	4	$-\frac{1}{2}$
4	1	-1	2	-2

Part 1) Given  $h_1(x) = (f(x))^2$ , find  $h_1'(2)$

Part 2) Given  $h_2(x) = f(g(x))$ , find  $h_2'(2)$

## Answers to Practice- Chain Rule (ID: 1)

1)  $f'(x) = 4(4x^3 - 5)^3 \cdot 12x^2$

2)  $f'(x) = 4(-x^5 + 5)^3 \cdot -5x^4$

3)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2(x^4 + 3) \cdot 4x^3$

4)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4(2x^2 + 5)^3 \cdot 4x$

5)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(2x^4 + 3)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 8x^3$

6)  $f'(x) = -5(-5x^3 + 2)^{-6} \cdot -15x^2$

7)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(-x^3 - 2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot -3x^2$

8)  $f'(x) = -5(4x^4 + 3)^{-6} \cdot 16x^3$

9)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(5x + 4)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 5$

10)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5(5x^3 + 3)^4 \cdot 15x^2$

11)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(5x^3 - 3)^2 \cdot 15x^2$

12)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4(-5x^4 + 3)^3 \cdot -20x^3$

13)  $f'(x) = -\sin 2x^2 \cdot 4x$   
 $= -4x \sin 2x^2$

14)  $f'(x) = -\sin 4x^3 \cdot 12x^2$   
 $= -12x^2 \sin 4x^3$

15)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos 4x^4 \cdot 16x^3$

16)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin 4x^5 \cdot 20x^4$   
 $= -20x^4 \sin 4x^5$

17)  $f'(x) = \sec^2 3x^3 \cdot 9x^2$   
 $= 9x^2 \sec^2 3x^3$

18)  $f'(x) = \sec^2 4x^4 \cdot 16x^3$   
 $= 16x^3 \sec^2 4x^4$

19)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec x^2 \tan x^2 \cdot 2x$   
 $= 2x \sec x^2 \tan x^2$

20)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\csc 5x^2 \cot 5x^2 \cdot 10x$   
 $= -10x \csc 5x^2 \cot 5x^2$

21)  $f'(x) = \cos(\sin x^3) \cdot \cos x^3 \cdot 3x^2$   
 $= 3x^2 \cos(\sin x^3) \cos x^3$

22)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(\cos 5x^5) \cdot -\sin 5x^5 \cdot 25x^4$   
 $= -25x^4 \cos(\cos 5x^5) \sin 5x^5$

23)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x^3} \cdot 3x^2$

24)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2x^5} \cdot 10x^4$   
 $= \frac{5}{x}$

25)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^4} \cdot 4x^3$   
 $= \frac{4}{x}$

26)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x^5} \cdot 5x^4$

27)  $h_1'(3) = -6$   
 $h_2'(1) = 2$

28)  $h_1'(1) = 2$   
 $h_2'(1) = 2$

29)  $h_1'(2) = 6$   
 $h_2'(4) = -2$

30)  $h_1'(2) = 0$

$$h_2'(2) = -\frac{9}{4}$$